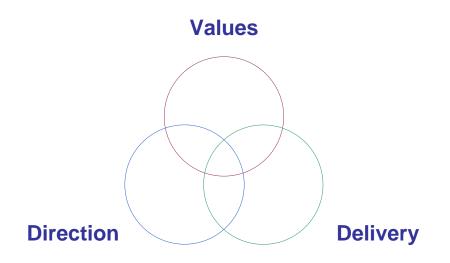


LEADERSHIP COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK



Delivering the future through people





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COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

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Focus on Excellence

Constantly strives to improve and deliver better service to the customer.

The focus on improvement requires leaders who are aware of Best Practice, who can replicate it and improve on it in the Council, and who can make such changes happen effectively in practice.

changes happen effectively in practice.			
Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours		
 Knows what best practice is and where to find it, uses this knowledge to articulate a clear vision of service excellence to others 	 Assumes that how things are done now is adequate, and that custom and practice is good enough to get by 		
 Develops and delivers a practical vision and approach to providing improved customer focussed services 	 Relies on others to do visioning, and focuses on what suits the service provider rather than the customer 		
 Translates the understanding of Best Practice into challenging and stretching targets 	 Sets target without challenges so they will be easily achieved 		
 Recognises that different individuals and groups in society value different achievements 	 Unaware that cultural differences will effect the relative merit of achievements to groups within society 		
 Is able to recognise defining moments, being confident about defining success and under-achievement, and is able to learn from them both 	 Does not read situations or think about learning from experiences 		
 Evidences a high level of customer satisfaction with the quality of service 	 Assumes the absence of complaints from customers means everything is OK 		
 Treats knowledge as a resource to be shared 	 Shares minimum information with others 		
 Is insightful in identifying key actions and has the ability to get to the heart of the issue, to close the gap between what is and what needs to be 	 Waits for others to point out service deficiencies and what needs to be done 		









Focus on Excellence - Continued

Constantly strives to improve and deliver better service to the customer.

The focus on improvement requires leaders who are aware of Best Practice, who can replicate it and improve on it in the Council, and who can make such changes happen effectively in practice.

	Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours
•	Understands the impact of service design and delivery on different groups in the community (and/or) ensures that customers receive services appropriate to their needs	Does not factor into the design of services the requirements of different groups
•	Considers how customers access services	Unaware of the needs of customers in accessing services







Performance and Resource Management

Recognises that people are the Council's key resource; that they need the right tools for the job and ensures their skills and abilities are developed to maximise their productivity and that their performance is monitored and managed effectively.

Leaders need to be able to draw clear links between outcomes for customers and the inputs needed to create them, recognising that in most cases we deliver services for people through people.

services for people infough people.	
Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours
 Employs a range of leadership styles which focus on achieving results in terms of outcomes for customers 	 Uses a single leadership style focussed on managing process
 Demonstrates and models a confident/competent, flexible, visible leadership style which is responsive to a range of situations and which is underpinned by complementary personal values 	• Employs a style or behaviours inconsistent or incompatible with the desired culture, or one which is invisible or inflexible
• Empowers others in the team to enable them to make a full contribution to service excellence	 Disempowers his/her team, preventing the skills and abilities of team members being fully employed
 Uses a range of development techniques to develop talent in self and others 	 Does not develop own talents or those of others
 Promotes equality and diversity through management action (OR) creates a climate where equality and diversity are valued and understood 	 Does not foster an environment in which culture and diversity considerations are inherent in management practices
 Is able to work positively with conflict, ambiguity and uncertainty 	 Avoids opportunities to resolve conflict. Sees ambiguity and uncertainty as irresolvable blockages on progress
 Makes evidenced-based decisions, taking into account different needs 	 Relies on decision making without sufficient supporting evidence









Performance and Resource Management - Continued

Recognises that people are the Council's key resource; that they need the right tools for the job and ensures their skills and abilities are developed to maximise their productivity and that their performance is monitored and managed effectively.

Leaders need to be able to draw clear links between outcomes for customers and the inputs needed to create them, recognising that in most cases we deliver services for people through people.

Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours	
 Is persistent in recognising, seeking out and using intelligence to monitor and improve performance and the use of resources 	 Ignores performance data, other evidence and potential information sources which will assist change management, improved performance, and the more efficient and effective use of resources 	
 Demonstrates the capacity to make sound judgements consistently 	 Demonstrates an absence of wisdom and sound judgement 	







Creativity and Energy

Thinks and acts creatively in response to challenges and difficulties in achieving excellence.

A leader needs to be able to be receptive to new ideas and to create an environment of creativity in which new ideas will be generated and harnessed. It is important that leaders have a positive approach to change, value creative thinking and are able to sustain energy, stamina and resilience to manage the challenges of making complex changes happen successfully.

Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours
 Is a self starter, managing his/her own energy levels well, and is able to pace his/her efforts effectively 	 Requires other people to motivate him/her and has inadequate drive to achieve impact
 Is able to be inspired and be inspiring 	 Lacks self assurance, transmits complacency, is seemingly un- energised or threatened by challenges or suggested improvements
 Is inquisitive and enquiring and displays a restlessness to improve service quality and effectiveness 	 Is disinterested in continually making things better, being content to maintain the status quo
 Is receptive to fresh insights from diverse sources in and out of own service area 	 Resists alternative views or fresh insights that could inform future options
 Stimulates and encourages creativity and innovation in self and others 	 Has low expectations of others as well as of him/herself, and discourages innovative thinking
 Generates, tests and implements a range of innovative approaches to delivering high quality services, and to overcoming obstacles 	 Sees difficulties as an excuse for maintaining the status quo and avoids even low level risks in managing change
 Is able to take the strategic vision and plans through to implementation, understanding the key processes and issues 	Unable to interpret or use the Council's strategic vision and other strategic documents to plan or achieve improved outcomes or to anticipate the change processes required in his/her own service





LEADERSHIP COMPETENCIES			
Personal Credibility Is self-aware and able to make impact by motivating others. Acts as a role model of leadership inside and outside the Council.			
Leading change and improvement, especially in the face of challenges, requires self confident, aware leaders who inspire confidence in others and who can lead by example.			
	Effective behaviours		Ineffective behaviours
•	Consistently behaves in accordance with the desired culture, particularly in times of crisis and is comfortable with uncertainty	•	Appears to others to be in support of the desired culture by what is said, but behaves in a contrary or inconsistent way
•	Sets and maintains consistently high standards of behaviour for self and others	•	Fails to set standards of behaviour for others or model leadership behaviour him/herself
•	Clearly understands and values the diversity of the city and works proactively to build equality and eliminate discrimination	•	Unaware of the diversity of the City, therefore does not work towards achieving equality for all residents, eliminating discrimination
•	Takes personal ownership and demonstrates high levels of integrity, acting as a role model for excellence.	•	Avoids owning problems, is insincere. May also act as a magnet for a subversive counter culture
•	Communicates in an open, inclusive way, listens and hears others, asks for feedback and responds to this in a positive manner	•	Presses a narrow viewpoint, irrespective of other opinions and fails to acknowledge the contributions of others
•	Is sensitive to and encouraging of others, while moving forward and keeping a focus on achieving results	•	Communicates in ways that prevent feedback, convincing others there is little point in engaging or making their own contributions
•	Is recognised as the leader of a service which delivers excellence, is forward thinking and is consequently held up as a model of best practice	•	Is recognised as a brake on the progress of the organisation or the service or even as an active 'saboteur' of agreed change
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Collaborative Working

Actively develops alliances and works effectively with partners, stakeholders and customers to improve the Council and the City; to achieve mutually beneficial goals; and to promote a positive image of Hull.

Leaders in local government work in a complex environment, where to be effective the leadership role must be acceptable to and conferred on them by others. To meet the challenge of bringing about excellence they must understand the impact of their decisions and actions, and be able to influence others through persuasion and negotiation, as collaborative action is more effective than duplication or competition

effective than duplication or competition.			
Effective behaviours		Ineffective behaviours	
Demonstrates a real understanding of the value of collaborative working and that the service cannot stand alone	•	Maintains an introverted or protectionist approach to his/her own service without understanding the value of collaborative working	
Gets results by actively seeking to work in partnership with others, and understands when to lead and when to follow such collaborative activities	•	Works in an isolated way and attempts to dominate peers or to disengage from collective approaches	
Builds inclusive partnerships that maximise the opportunities of 'difference' amongst partners	•	Has no strategy in place to facilitate the synergy to be achieved by working effectively with partners	
Develops, extends and sustains strong networks at senior levels across the Council, with City-wide partners and with appropriate colleagues and or organisations regionally and nationally	•	Has poor networking skills leading to missed opportunities for win:win situations, both inside and outside the Council	
Demonstrates political awareness and has effective relationships when working with Members and other key partner representatives	•	Is naïve about, ignorant of, or disinterested in issues of political governance. Has poor relationships with elected Members and senior representatives of other strategic partner agencies, displaying a lack of appreciation or respect for their role	
Understands that his/her role is broader than that of managing their service area, and is aware that they are an ambassador for the Council, and for the City	•	Fails to understand the breadth of role and that, as part of the collective officer leadership of the Council, he/she has a crucial role in reputation management	
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Effective behaviours	Ineffective behaviours
Tailors communication to be effective to a wide range of customers and stakeholders	Unresponsive to the particular needs of others when communicating

